

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXIII
No. 4,295.

NEWPORT. SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1844.

Established
A. D. 1758

The Newport Mercury

is PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

J. H. BARBER.

No. 133, Thames Street.

Terms—Two DOLLARS per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, except where an account is open, must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.

Single papers six cents, to be had at the Office.

JOB PRINTING.

such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, Circulars, Cards, Notifications, &c. &c., promptly executed at the usual prices.

STATIONERY, &c.

STEEL PENS; Lead Pencils; Slate Pencils; Ink Stands; Wafers; Pen Holders; Blue Ink; Taylor's Black Ink, superior to any other; Ink Powder; Writing and Letter Paper, of the best quality; Quills; Pencil Leads; Black Sand; Wallets; Account Books of various sizes; Commercial Blanks; Bill Paper, &c. &c. For sale at No. 133 Thames street, by J. H. BARBER.

TO LET.

and possession given immediately, THE large and commodious room, (directly over the Mercury Office,) suitable for an Office or a School room. For terms apply to J. M. HAMMETT, No. 133 1-2 Thames street. July 13.

DENTISTRY.

L. F. GALLUP, M. D.

Respectfully informs that he boards and lodges at Mr. Francis Carr's in Broad street; but for the convenience of his patients, has taken the Hunter Office in Mary street, between Clarke and Thames streets, where he can be found from 9 to 1, and from 2 to 6 o'clock, prepared to attend to those who require his attention in Medicine, Surgery or Dentistry. At other hours he can be found at his boarding house July 18.

London Brown Stout.

In pint bottles, four years old, a prime article. Just received and for sale at the Confectionary of T. STACY, Jr.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Banister's wharf and Thames street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies, Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macaroni, Vermicelli, Nuts, bottled and Draft Ale; bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. T. S. STANHOPE. Newport, May 18th.—14.

NEW

FRENCH & AMERICAN

Paper Hangings,

which surpasses in variety and low prices any before offered for sale by M. FREEBORN.

April 6, 1844.

FOR SALE.

At the Shop of the late Andrew Winslow in Broad Street.

A LARGE quantity of Hinges, Gate Hangings, Hay and Manure forks, Iron bars, Hoops, Ox chains, Hay knives, Shovels & Tongues, Axes, Hatchets, Bush knives, Stone hammers, Pick Axes, Corn knives, Drills, Spoon Shovels, Hooks, Garden forks, Chopping knives, Files, Spikes, Staples, Carriage springs, Drawing-knives, Stone sledges, with a variety of other articles all of which will be sold at very reduced prices by ANDREW WINSLOW, WANTED T. SHERMAN, Ad'mrs Newport, July 6.

NEW GOODS,

RECEIVED ON THURSDAY,

Plaid Poplins, Balzourines, Striped and checked Muslins, Sun shades, Gambrous, Balzourine Shawls, & Balzourine Prints.

J. M. COOK.

Newport, June 5.

SPRING FASHIONS.

JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,

TAILOR & DRAFTER,

No. 133 1-2

THAMES STREET,

WOULD respectfully inform his

friends and the Clothes wearing

community in general, that he has opened

the Spring campaign, with a full and fashionable

assortment of goods, consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Gloves,

Suspenders,

and almost every article for Gentlemen's

wear.

He is now prepared to manufacture on the

most reasonable terms, every description of

Fashionable Clothing,

at short notice.—If you want good bargains

try J. M. Hammett, No. 133 1-2 Thames st.,

(directly under the Mercury Office) and you

will never regret it, but it will induce you to

call again.

CUTTING particularly attended to.

STRANGERS visiting the town who

are in want of Clothing, will find it to their

advantage to call as above.

Newport, April 6.

FOR SALE.

A very pleasantly situated and

valuable FARM, lying on

the East side of this Island,

and 4 1-2 miles from New-

port, being partly in Middletown and

partly in Portsmouth, containing about

110 acres of excellent land; it is well

fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has

on it a double two story dwelling house,

a good wash room chaise and milk house,

crib and grain house, and a large

barn; all the above buildings are in good

repair—there is also a well of good soft

water, and a water grist mill that will

rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent

grinding order.—There is also a large

full grown greenling orchard, and a young

orchard; both orchards are in full bearing

of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on rea-

sonable terms as to price and credit, and

any one wishing to secure an independ-

ence for life, will do well to purchase—

it is seldom such a Farm is offered for

sale on this Island.

ROBINSON POTTER.

New Goods,

AT NO.

99 1-2,

OLD STAND.

JAMES MUMFORD

HAS this day received a most splendid

assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods,

among which may be found balzourines,

mousselin de laines, crape de laines, Eo-

lains, alpines, balzourine lawns, shawls of

every description and quality, Silks, black,

blue, black, lavender, fawn and other

colours, cotton, worsted and silk hosiery of

every quality, brown and bleached cottons,

calicoes, chintz, cheex, needles, pins and

tapes, silk twist, and thread, broadcloths,

cassimeres, sattinets, summer cloths,

gambroons, brown and bleached lincens,

linen sheetings, linen damask, damask

table cloths, doilies, colored & worsted

table covers, colored doilies, embossed

table carpets, with many other goods too

numerous to mention, all of which he will

sell as low as can be bought at any other

store in town. He would respectfully in-

voke his old friends and the public generally

to call and see for themselves. Goods de-

livered at any part of the town free of ex-

pense.

Also, on hand, two pieces of Hale's pa-

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice

that he has been appointed Execu-

tor of the last will and testament of

GEORGE BROWN,

late of Little Compton, dec., and has ac-

cepted of said trust and qualified himself

according to law. He therefore requests

all the debtors and creditors of said es-

tate to make settlement with him without

delay.

HUMPHREY BROWN, Executor.

Little Compton, March 11.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. D. T. CAPRON, respectfully

announces to his friends in New-

port, that he has opened his Dancing

School at the Masonic Hall.

Particular attention will be given to

those placed under his care.

P. S. A class for Gentlemen will be

attended to at 8 o'clock, in the evening.

Terms \$6 for 24 lessons.

May 18th.—14.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

Just received and for sale, Oranges

Lemons, Pine Apples, Cocoanuts, Figs

Prunes, &c. T. STACY, JR.

July 13.

Save Your Postage.

A LIBERAL OFFER.

THE New England Book and Peri-

odical Company have made ar-

rangements by which any person sub-

scribing to them, and paying the regular sub-

scription price, for any Monthly, Bi-

Monthly, Quarterly, Foreign or American

Magazine, can have the same supplied by

mail, post paid, to any part of the United

States.

All newspapers excepted by the above

offer. Persons subscribing to an agent

are not entitled to free postage.

All pay ments must be made free of ex-

pense to us, and in advance. Post Mas-

ters are authorised to frank all moneys

to pay for periodicals.

Of our ability to fulfil our part of the

above offer, the best reference will be given

when requested.

All communications must be addressed

to the New England Book

and Periodical Company, 22

Court Street, Boston.

N. B. Publishers giving this six conspic-

uous insertions, and sending us a paper marked

shall be entitled to any magazine they may or-

der; price not to exceed three dollars.

Boston, Feb. 17, 1844.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND

PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, sc. Clerk's Office Supreme Court

July 19, 1844.

WHEREAS Rosina Sprague wife of Simon

Sprague, of New Shoreham in the

county of Newport, hath filed her petition in

this office, praying said Court would pass a

decree of divorce dissolving the bond of ma-

trimony now existing between her and her said

husband.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said

Simon Sprague to appear, if he shall see fit,

at our said Supreme Court, next to be holden

at Newport, in and for said county, on the

fourth Monday of August next, 1844, then

and there to respond to said petition.

WILLIAM GILPIN, Clerk.

For Newport and Providence.

The Steamer

IOLAS,

CAPT. B. F. WOOLSEY.

Will leave Newport and Providence as

follows:—

Leave Providence every morning, Sundays

excepted, Monday at 9 1-2 a. m., Tuesday,

Wednesday, Thursday & Friday at 8 o'clock

a. m., Saturday 8 and 5 p. m.

Leave Newport, every afternoon, Sundays

excepted, Monday, at 6 a. m. and 3 p. m.,

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday

at 3 p. m., Saturdays at 2 o'clock.

FARE 50 CENTS.

The Iolas will accommodate military, fire,

and all other societies, on reasonable terms,

and also families making an excursion to

Newport. All children under 6 years, in com-

pany with their parents, without charge; over

6 and under 15 years, 25 cents.

Freight taken at very reduced rates.

This arrangement will connect with the

Train for New York.

N. B. All persons are forbid trusting any

one on account of the above Boat or owners.

August 10.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of land containing about 2 acres,

fronting westerly on the road leading

to the Malbone Garden Farm, and adjoining

land belonging to Elijah Sherman and

the Farm of the late William Thurston.

It would be an excellent building lot for a

Cottage having a delightful view of the

harbor and adjacent country. For particu-

lars and terms enquire of

WM. G. HAMMOND

Newport, July 6.

REGULAR MAIL LINE

FOR NEW YORK

The Steamboat MOHEGAN.

CAPT. CHARLES WOOLSEY,

Until further notice, will regularly leave

Newport on Mondays, Wednesdays and

Fridays, at 3 1-2 p. m., for Stonington,

whence passengers for New York will

proceed the same evening either in the Mas-

sachusetts, Capt. Comstock, or the Rhode

Island, Capt. Thayer.

For Tickets, Berths or State Rooms,

apply to the Captain on board.

June 29.

R. I. Bridge Company.

At the annual Meeting of the Stock-

holders of the Rhode Island Bridge

Company held Monday July 29th, 1844,

the following gentlemen were elected di-

rectors for the year ensuing, viz:—

Stephen T. Northam, Nathaniel S. Rag-

gles, Robert B. Cranston, William Little

field, William A. Clarke, Peleg Clarke,

and Isaac Burdick.

At a subsequent meeting of the direc-

tors, Nathaniel S. Raggles was elected

President, in the place of Audley Clarke,

deceased.

W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treasurer.

Newport, August 3.

\$20 Reward.

Stolen on Thursday night

from a stable in Port-

smouth, R. I., near the

residence of Miss Sarah Gibb's,

a bay horse about 16 hands high, with

black mane and tail, the property of Dr.

ROBERT HARE, of Philadelphia. The

above reward will be paid for the deliv-

ery of said horse at BROWN'S

Aug. 10.] Tavern, Portsmouth.

TO LET.

and possession given the 10th September.

THE House in School Street

(on the Hill) now occupied by

the Rev. Mr. Brooks. Apply

to GEORGE ENGS.

Newport, Aug. 3.

two horses to the carriage; in three hours we shall be at Montargis, we will alight at the inn where the diligences from Paris stop. We shall not be known there, we will sup at the ordinary, with the travellers, and see Mr. Durand, and if he displeases me you write him a very polite letter, which prevents his coming to Bony, and spares you a painful explanation. What do you say to my plan?"

"It is perfect, we have nothing to do but to set out."

When Mad. Dutillois and her daughter arrived at Montargis, and descended at the diligence inn, it was nine o'clock in the evening. Supper was over. Euphrasia questioned the hostess, who replied with interest to her questions.

"Among the travellers who arrived from Paris, is there a Mr. Durand?"

"Yes, Miss, yes, a young gentleman who has come to be married in our country, as I understand from his conversation. He said he wished to go to-morrow to Bony. Thomas is to drive him there in his cabriolet for five francs. It is not worth more than three, but when one is going to see his lady love, he does not look so close. Do the ladies know Mr. Durand? Shall I call him—he has not yet gone to bed, for there is a light in his room. Hold, Catherine is now just bringing me his passport, which I am obliged to place at the disposition of the authorities. I am going to inscribe his name on my register. Will the ladies have supper?"

"Yes," said Euphrasia, "yes, let it be served as quick as possible."

"Immediately, ladies."

The hostess went out, leaving the passport on the table. "We shall not need to see Mr. Durand; here is his portrait."

She read. "In the name of the King, Peter Ignatius Durand, Ignatius, what an ugly name." "You can give him another to suit your taste," said Mad. Dutillois.

Euphrasia passed on to the description. At the first word she turned pale, her hand trembled, she said to her mother—

"Can I give him, other hair to suit my taste?"

"How then?"

"Red hair, red," cried Mad. Dutillois.

"Ah, Mr. Lombard, Mr. Lombard."

"This is not all," continued Euphrasia, coldly. "Listen, Mamma."

Low forehead, red eyebrows, grey eyes, large nose, great mouth, red beard, face marked with the small pox. Particular mark, a wart on the left nostril."

Mad. Dutillois was in consternation.

Euphrasia had taken her stand bravely, like a girl who knows she shall never want a husband. The hostess returned, and announced that supper was ready.

Mr. Durand had not gone to bed. He had just ordered pen, ink and paper.

"What is that to us; we do not know the gentleman," replied Euphrasia.

"The one of whom, we were just speaking is my father; he is fifty years old."

The next day Leon made ready to set out for Bony in Thomas's cabriolet, when he received a letter from Mad. Dutillois.

The compliments were turned in a polite manner—accidental circumstances were alleged, and excuses given, which did not admit of any reply. Leon was convinced that the fates had condemned him to celibacy.

He resigned himself, and sadly took again the road to Paris. At Fontainebleau, the brigadier of the gendarmes, who examined his passport, cried—"Parbleu, this is very fortunate for the gentleman who was arrested three leagues from here. Ignatius Durand—red hair—marked with the small pox—a wart. This must be the one; and," added he, displaying another paper, "Leon Durand—black hair—middling-sized nose—oval face,—that is right. Hold, sir, we made a mistake yesterday; there were two Durands, one coming from Paris, the other going thither, your passports have been confounded in returning them to you. This mistake has had disagreeable consequences for your namesake, who has been arrested and put in the city prison. But all is now explained, and I will hasten to the police officer. You may congratulate yourself, Mr. Durand, that this adventure has had no disagreeable result to you."

"It is very fortunate," said Leon.

After the check at Montargis, Leon became philosophical. Seeing that it was impossible for him to marry, he reconciled himself to the life of a bachelor. His uncle's fortune soon permitted him to indulge in all the pomp and luxury of a single life. Mr. Lombard died suddenly at Marseilles, leaving his nephew a fortune of five hundred thousand francs. A year had passed since his unlucky journey to Montargis, when one evening Leon met at a ball a very pretty woman, who on learning his name, said to him, "I came near being Madam Durand. Ah, perhaps some of my relatives? Mr. Ignatius Durand of Paris, do you know him?"

"Yes, indeed, we made our acquaintance in a singular manner. On a journey last year our passports were exchanged and he was arrested. Happily for him I returned from Montargis the next day and—"

"From Montargis, and your passports had been exchanged?"

"Yes Madam, he had mine. I had, his a mistake of the police officer."

"And how little you resemble each other?"

"Indeed, why do you say that?"

"It was you—"

"How me, pardon me Madam, have the goodness to explain."

"I am Euphrasia Dutillois, sir, I had gone to meet you with my mother at the Inn of Montargis, I saw your passport and—"

"The description alarmed you, and

well it might—And I who congratulated myself at having escaped any unpleasant consequences of the mistake. But Mademoiselle may I not now hope?"

"No, sir, I am married, I am Madam Jovin, that is my husband at the Bouillotte table opposite us."

She pointed out to Leon a great stupid looking fellow, whose face was expanding before an ace of clubs.

"Cursed Passport," cried Leon.

"Unlucky Passport," repeated Euphrasia in a low tone.

By the Mail.

Terrible Steamboat Accident.

A terrible accident happened this morning on the Delaware, nearly opposite Market street, to the new steamboat Portsmouth, Captain James Devos. The Portsmouth had started from Arch street wharf at half past eight o'clock, with between forty and fifty passengers, on an excursion to the Bay, Breakwater &c., and after getting fairly under way, and when the engine had performed some eighteen or twenty revolutions, the stay-bolt of the inner part of the steam chimney near the top of the boiler, drew out, carrying with it a portion of the iron, and discharging the steam and hot water through the flues and furnace doors, into the engine and fire rooms, and through the steam chimney out of the smoke pipe to the distance of some seventy feet, and also through the deck.

The second engineer, Edward Stephens, of New York, and an elderly passenger, belonging to New Castle, Delaware, who was in the engine room, named Thomas Massey, were both dreadfully scalded from head to foot, and neither it is feared, can survive.

The first engineer, Isaac Ames of New York, was covered with ashes blown out from the fires, and could scarcely be recognized. He was scalded, though not so badly as the others.—Gilbert Johnson, black cook, of New York, who was sitting near the fire room door, was severely scalded on the hands and arms. Mr. Stephens, the second engineer, while his clothes were full of steam and his sufferings had almost phrased him, begged to be thrown overboard. His request not being complied with, he threw himself into the river and saved the tiller, where he clung and was caught by a boat. His idea was to cool himself, but the act—the impulse of the moment to obtain relief of his agonies—was desperate, and has, doubtless, added to the fatal character of his injuries.—The wounded persons are all at the Pennsylvania Hospital, and are receiving every possible attention, medical and otherwise. The passengers were most all at the time of the accident, and escaped. Some few were forward, but none of these, as far as has been ascertained, were injured. If any were hurt, their injuries were slight.

The explosion caused no report of perceptible noise. A great many of the passengers were hardly aware of the accident at all, and some did not know that any one was scalded. The consternation on board, even among the ladies, prevailed to a very limited extent. The alarm and cries brought one of the ferry boats, with small boats, from the shore, to the steamer, and the passengers were taken off and landed on the wharves.—The Portsmouth floated down the stream abreast of Dock street, where she anchored, and was afterwards towed up to Kensington by the steamboat State Rights. Capt. Devos, at the moment of the accident, was on the hurricane deck, over the boiler. He made an extremely narrow escape by rushing through a hatchway. He attempted to drag one of the engineers from the engine room, but his mouth becoming full of steam, he was compelled to rush aft. The cause of the accident is attributed to the defective nature of the iron of the internal part of the steam chimney.

No blame can be attached to Captain or Engineers. The utmost care had been exercised by Captain Devos, and every thing connected with the boiler and machinery had been examined within twenty-four hours preceding the explosion, and pronounced to be in the safest condition.

Philadelphia Gazette of Tuesday.

FROM CARACAS.—Dreadful destruction of Property.—Dates have been received from Porto Cabello to the 23d ult. The small pox had nearly disappeared, but the inundations, caused by the excessive rains, had been fearful. The main road from Caracas to Porto Cabello is impassable, and the whole communication is now made by the old road round the Cape. In the valley of the Tuy the unfortunate proprietors of plantations have lost their all. In fact, the destruction of the coffee and cocoa trees is immense, and the soil is either ruined by being washed away or else covered up by the sand brought down the river.—The poor laborers are beggared and the landholder is in despair. Thus much for the fearful inundation of the River Tuy.

In every fertile district of Suamacia, in the valley of the River Limon, the loss by the flood is incalculable. The destruction of property far exceeds that of the great overflow of the year 1830. Cattle of all kinds have perished in almost incredible numbers; and the few houses on the plantations not actually washed away are so injured as to be nearly worthless.

In the unfortunate city of Carora half of the population have lost their homes, and the Governor has been obliged to

offer the hospital and barracks as a shelter for the suffering poor.

From Bogota, Carabobo, Maracaibo &c., the accounts of suffering caused by the destruction of life and property during the late inundations, are really mournful. It will take years of prosperity to replace the damages done by the fearful rains of the year 1844.

N. O. Crescent City.

Awful Conflagration.

One Hundred and Fifty Houses destroyed by Fire.

The New York Journal of Commerce says—The City of San Carlos, the principal town in the Island of Chiloe, the most southern province of the Chilian Republic, has been the scene of a dreadful conflagration, which broke out in its very centre, and before it could be subdued, destroyed two-thirds of the place. One hundred and fifty houses, comprising all the magazines of provisions, fell a prey to the flames. The unfortunate inhabitants, equally destitute of food and shelter, were compelled to abandon the ruins, and fly to the interior, to seek a refuge and means of subsistence.

The port of San Carlos, a recruiting place frequented by South Sea whalers, contained about 4000 inhabitants, all of whom have suffered more or less by this deplorable calamity. At the time of the fire there were anchored in the road an American schooner, a British Brig and a French whale ship, the crews of which, it is superfluous to add, performed all the duties that humanity imposed on them.

The Rev. Mr. Dyer of the Episcopal Church, late of Whitehall, was accidentally drowned at the "Chasm of the Ausable," (High Bridge,) near Keeseville, N. Y., between five and six o'clock in the afternoon of the 1st inst. Mr. D. went from Keeseville with a snail party to see the falls. Some poles had been thrown across from the table rock to the opposite side of the chasm, near the water, over which Mr. D. attempted to walk with a young lady—she became dizzy and fell, but was seized by a man who accompanied the party and rescued. Mr. D. in an attempt to save the lady, lost his balance, fell into the rapid current and was immediately swept out of sight. His body had not been recovered on the 2d inst.

The editor of the Middlesex Standard at Lowell, (J. G. Whittier,) says, "we had the pleasure of attending a meeting of the 'Improvement Circle' formed among the girls in the Mills, a few evenings since, and listened with pleasure to the reading of several well-written articles. We know half a dozen Congressmen, who, if they were promised as a reward, the New York Custom House, or the office of Minister to the Court of St. James, could not write with so much point, beauty and good taste as these 'Factory girls.'"

ACCIDENT.—A man named Simon D., in the employment of Mr. Jordan, auctioneer, Green street, while engaged Sunday morning in the third loft of the store, fell through the trap doors and was not found until the store was opened this morning. He was insensible when picked up, and is supposed to be very seriously injured, although hope was entertained this morning of his recovery.

One of the Troy stages was upset in North Pearl street, yesterday afternoon, and two of the passengers, one a Mrs. Stewart of Lydius street, seriously injured.—Albany Atlas.

AN INCIDENT.—Early this morning, as the revenue boat, Captain James Hand, was performing her usual cruise in the Delaware, when off Walnut street, a large sturgeon sprang up alongside, and in its descent alighted in the boat, breaking several stanchions, and starting two or three of the side planks. Fortunately no person in the boat was injured.

Philadelphia Gazette.

NORMAN S. FOX, a young man 16 years of age, and clerk in the auction store of Joseph Sampson & Co. N. York, died Thursday evening from lock-jaw under the most distressing circumstances.—On last Tuesday week, he went in to bathe at Rabeau's Bath near the Battery, and in diving, struck his nose against the bottom of the bath. Though the blow was very severe, he experienced no inconvenience from it, after the pain had subsided till Friday last, when he felt a stiffness of muscles about his neck and joints, and on Saturday he sent for a physician, who did not deem the symptoms alarming. In spite of every effort of the physician, however, the rigidity of the muscles increased, and on Wednesday he was pronounced incurable. He expired in terrible convulsions, but retained his consciousness to the last.

The death of John G. Coster, at the age of 32, took place yesterday. Mr. C. was one of our oldest and most respectable citizens. He arrived here from Germany more than a half century ago and has been, until within the last fifteen years, a most active and exemplary merchant.—He acquired an immense estate, and was long known as a millionaire. He has left a large family, a good name, and an ample fortune.

Mr. C. was bred a physician, and in early life practiced his profession in Demara. He joined his brother Henry, and was his partner in business, from the time of his landing in New York, till his brother's death, which was about twenty years ago, leaving a fortune of three millions of dollars.

N. York Express.

New Route to New York.

The new Railway line of travelling by day, between Boston and New York was opened on Friday last. The Boston Daily Advertiser says:

The line will run daily from Boston and New York, by way of the Long Island Rail Road, leaving each city at 8 o'clock in the morning, and on alternate days by the Worcester and Norwich, and by the Providence and Stonington Rail Roads. The train from Boston on Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, will proceed by the Worcester and Norwich Rail Roads, and those leaving New York on the same days will arrive by way of the Providence and Stonington Rail Roads. On the alternate days the two trains will exchange routes.—The passage between Norwich and Greenport, and Stonington and Greenport will be made by the Narragansett and New Haven steamers. Dinner will be provided on board the boats during the passage. The length of each ferry is a little over 30 miles. The length of the Long Island Rail Road is 94 miles, that of the Providence and Stonington Road, about 90 miles; and that of the Worcester and Norwich Rail Roads 110; making the length of the two routes to New York 215 and 235 miles. The greater length of the latter route is compensated in part by the ferry at Providence on the other route which causes a slight detention.

It is understood that the Long Island Rail Road Company has purchased of Mr. Vanderbilt the three fine steamers Worcester, Cleopatra and New Haven. The two former boats, however, will continue to run on the Norwich route as heretofore, as will the Massachusetts and Rhode Island on the Stonington route, so that there will be two night lines to New York, as well as one day line.

The Long Island Railroad.—In the Directors' Report published February, 1841, the estimated time required for performing the distance from New York to Boston, by this route, is 9 1-2 hours, viz: From Brooklyn to Greenport, 3 1-2 hours; across the sound, 2 hours; from Stonington to Boston, 4 hours. It is probable, however, that the distance will be run over in 7 1-2 hours: 3 hours to Greenport; 1 1-2 to Stonington; 3 to Boston. By the Norwich road the time will slightly exceed this.

The completion of this enterprise connects New York and Brooklyn, by railroad, with Providence, Taunton, New Bedford, Boston, Salem, Newburyport, Portsmouth, N. H., Portland, Me., Lowell, Mass., Nashua and Concord, N. H., Worcester and Springfield.

The Great Eastern Railway is rapidly pushing towards Augusta, the Capital of Maine, and Bangor, its great lumbering depot. We cannot speak with certainty, but our impression is that this road is to be completed and opened to Bangor, within four years. The road from Boston to Fitchburg is advancing with great rapidity, and will without doubt, be extended to the Canada line.

What stupendous results of the enterprise and industry of fourteen years! In 1828, there was not a single mile of railway, (if we except a wooden track in the town of Quincy, Mass., used for the transportation of stone from the quarries,) in all New England. Now, eight hundred and fifteen miles of Railroad have their termination in Boston.—Brooklyn Star.

TO PENSIONERS.

Pension Office, Aug. 1, 1844.

SIR:—It is proper that widows, who are entitled to the benefits of the act of June 17, 1844, containing certain pensions for four years longer, should be informed that Congress has made no appropriation for paying those pensions, and that therefore no payment can be expected before the latter end of December next.

Please to cause this information to be published in one of your newspapers.

Your obedient servant,

J. L. EDWARD.

P. DICKINSON, Esq., Pension Agent, Trenton, N. J.

How large is Texas?—It contains 318,000 square miles, and is full as large as all the following States united:

Square Miles. Population in 1840.

Louisiana, 48,000 352,411

Mississippi, 48,000 375,551

Alabama, 50,000 590,767

Georgia, 62,000 691,392

South Carolina, 33,000 694,398

Virginia, 79,000 1,239,797

Total. 311,000 3,844,505

A party of hardy, stout looking Norwegians, about 90 in number, including women and children, arrived at Springfield on Saturday week in the Boston cars, and left on Monday morning for the West. They have just come to this country and are on their way to Wisconsin to settle. They 'kept house' in the cars over Sunday, and their appearance and manner attracted the attention of all who saw them.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT.—On Friday night three men were swept out of life in a moment, being overwhelmed by a deluge of water, while working, nearly three hundred feet under ground, at the bottom of a coal mine near Pottsville.—Their names are Henry Fox, Jonathan Nixon and John Ricket. The mine belongs to Messrs. Milnes & Spencer, and is in what is called Spohn's tract.

Miners Journal.

The Steam Ship which has been built at Bath this season under the direction of Mr. William R. Page, of this town, was launched on Saturday afternoon last. She is called the 'Marmora,' and is destined for the Black Sea. Mr. Page intends to proceed with her in a few weeks to Constantinople. She is a good specimen of American naval architecture.

Halowell Cultivator.

The Steamer and the Packet.

The Rev. Dr. Cheever in a late letter from Liverpool describes the difference in safety between the steamer and the sailing vessels after the following fashion:

The perils of a steamer diminish on coming toward the land; those of a sailing vessel increase. I should feel much safer on board a good staunch ship in mid-ocean in a heavy gale, than on board a steamer. But when you come near an iron bound coast, and are in danger of a lee-shore in a storm, then your steamer shows her superiority, and your ship her helplessness. The very night that we got round the light house point at Mersey, and were anchored with the intention of proceeding by steam up to Liverpool in the morning, it came on to blow from the Northwest with such violence, that we thought it might be the commencement of a gale, in which the ship would not hold to her moorings, and in that case we had a lee-shore, on which we should inevitably have been driven. It being a place where other vessels have been wrecked in similar circumstances, and near the point where the packet ship Pennsylvania was lost, there was some unquiet thoughts and even anxious foreboding as to the result of it. I never had so forcibly brought to my mind those solemn and beautiful lines of Dante,

For I have seen the ship,

That all the way across the dangerous sea

Ran straight and speedily, perished at the last,

Even in the haven's mouth.

We were moored in the haven's mouth, but yet had not God, who brought us across the sea, still protected us, we had none of its reached the land. And how often in life does the cup fall just as it touches the lips, and our plans are broken just on the eve of consummation.

The same writer mentions an event occurring on the passage to Liverpool and moralizes upon it thus:

One man died and was buried on the passage. I never before witnessed a burial at sea, but it is of all sights one of the most solemn, and indeed awful and repulsive, to see a corpse, with a heavy stone tied to it, plunged into the deep. The shrouded body was laid upon a board, and at a peculiar point in the burial service, was launched over the ship's side and out of sight in a moment. For a little season there was a hush of solemnity throughout the ship after this event, but it made little impression, and even as the waves closed over the body of the dead without a trace of its passage, so did the tide of careless thought, for an instant interrupted, return without a trace of this image and lesson of mortality.

EAST BOSTON.—The island of East Boston was purchased, about ten years since, at the rate of about one hundred dollars per acre, and land has recently been sold there, we understand, at the rate of fifty thousand dollars per acre! The wharf property to East Boston is now worth more than the whole island cost ten years ago. Very few spots of earth in this country, or probably in any other, has advanced in value with the same rapidity as East Boston.

FIRE.—A fire broke out about half past one o'clock this morning in the woodshed and out buildings in the rear of the residence of J. L. Wines, No. 204; Broadway. The flames soon extended to the Fourth Presbyterian church, and for some minutes threatened the destruction of that edifice. Fortunately the night was calm, and the fire department early on the ground, and there being a good supply of water from the hydrants, the flames were soon extinguished. The church escaped without any material damage.—Albany Evening Journal.

A WINDFALL.—Frederick G. Staffs, of Piscataque village, N. H. purchased some time since a piece of swampy land in that vicinity, for a small consideration, which was thought of but little value.—The Manchester Memorial states that he has since discovered that it is covered with peat, to the depth of from three to six feet, and probably contains one thousand cords to the acre, which he values at about two dollars per cord.

CHICAGO.—We are sorry to hear that Chicago is much afflicted with sickness this season, particularly among the children, among whom the present disease is said to be fatal. The long and heavy rains, followed by warm weather, and too free indulgence in fruits, are probably the cause.—Buffalo Com. Adv.

Shocking Case.—The Baltimore papers contain the particulars of a most distressing case of death by violence. It seems that a young lady living with her married sister was receiving the attentions of a young man very obnoxious to her sister and brother in law. Returning with him home one evening her lover and her sister's husband had a slight scuffle in the hall, and the young lady left the house and staid all night with a neighbor.

The next morning she returned to the house by the back way to get her smoothing irons and some coal, which she had been using, and found her sister, who immediately commenced an altercation and told her she should not have any of the coal.—The other replied that she had bought a part of it and would take it; and was stooping down to get it from the barrel, when her sister seized the shovel and struck her twice on the back of her head. She immediately fell and was taken insensible into the neighbor's house where she had passed the night—the lady hearing the noise and running in to see what was the matter. This was about two weeks ago; and the poor girl, after lingering in great distress, died on Thursday night of last week. The names of the parties in this most lamentable transaction are withheld.

Three horses, standing under a dry chestnut tree, were lately killed by lightning in Greenville, S. C.

From the St Louis Republican, July 26.

The Mormons.

Gov. Ford, of Illinois, reached this city on Saturday, from Quincy. Apprehensions are expressed that the difficulties between the Mormons and the Anti-Mormons are only suspended—not suppressed.

The Alton Telegraph learns that the two Laws, who are seceders from the Mormons, have commenced a settlement near Rock Island, on the Illinois side, and that large numbers of the Mormons are quitting Nauvoo and joining the Laws. The Pottis took up a number of families on her last trip, and was to take up several more on her next trip. The division among them is a happy circumstance for themselves, as well as for the community in which they are located.—We trust it will, to some extent, check their invasions upon the rights of others, which caused the recent difficulties at Carthage.

From the Cleveland Herald Aug. 9.

The people of Warsaw and Hancock county, Ill., continue to make such preparations for renewing the war and exterminating the Mormons, that Gov. Ford has issued a proclamation to them that the whole power of the state will be brought to the aid of the Mormons if aggressions are commenced, and notifying them that they "cannot drive out or exterminate the Mormons;" and that "such an effort would be madness, and would not be permitted by the people of the state." The Governor states that the Mormons are quiet and peaceably inclined, and he talks to their vindictive assailants in plain, strong and sensible language.

The proclamation has excited no little feeling among the people of Hancock county, who have warned the Mormons about Lima and Macedonia to leave the settlements.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH BY POISON.—Mr. Thos. S. Reynolds, the late partner of Mr. Pendleton, in the Franklin House at Little Rock, Ark., died on the 19th ult., from the effects of Morphine administered through mistake for quinine. His physician having left the prescription on the mantle piece, Mr. R. directed a boy to prepare the medicine which had been left for him to take. The boy picked up a small paper, and asked Mr. R. if that was the medicine, and being answered in the affirmative, administered it to him.

It was not discovered till next morning that the medicine left by the physician had not been taken, but was lying where it had been left the evening before. But he was then too far gone to be relieved.—It seems that the room had been used some time before by some invalids, on their way from the Springs. Through forgetfulness, they left 8 or 10 grains of morphine on the same mantle-piece, which had not been observed, and he naturally supposed that there was but one dose of medicine, and that he was taking the one left for him.

Gov. Roberts, of Liberia, who has been staying in this city for some weeks, intended to leave this port on Saturday, in the brig Echo, for Liberia. During the stay he has made in Philadelphia, Mr. Pine, an artist from New York, has painted two portraits of the Governor, one of which is to be left with his friends in this city. The same artist has painted a likeness of each of the members of his family. He has made extensive purchases among the arts, both useful and ornamental, consisting of books, plate and china; he also bought the old uniform of the State Penitentiaries. A lady and gentleman of this city left with him, for the purpose of opening a literary and musical seminary at Monrovia.—Philad Ledger.

A Child Brought to Death.—On Saturday night the daughter of Maurice Welsh who lives in Half Moon square, rear of Broad street, was burnt to death, while her parents were asleep in the room with her. Standing by the bed was a table with a lamp burning on it, and the child crawled from the bed upon the table, where its dress caught fire from the lamp. The occupant of the room above noticed the rust of smoke coming from below, and traced it to Mr. Welsh's room, the door of which he forced open, and then discovered the child burnt almost to a cinder on the table. It was only two years of age. The parents had both been constant watchers on account of the sickness of their two children for a fortnight past, and hence the profound soundness of their sleep while the dreadful casualty was taking place.—Boston Post.

Later from Trinidad De Cuba.—The brig "Grecian," Captain Benedict, arrived here on Saturday from Trinidad de Cuba, which place she left on the 21st ultimo. We regret extremely to find, that till just before she sailed, (with but very slight exceptions) the drought had continued in all the planting districts, of which Trinidad is the centre and shipping mart.

Many of the planters have lost nearly all their cattle, and the appearance for the coming crop was forlorn indeed.—When Capt. Benedict left, there were no freights whatsoever to be had, and vessels were leaving daily in ballast, after waiting in vain for cargoes. The "Grecian" returns but partly laden. Prices of produce of all kinds, for lack of operations, extremely dull.

COL. STONE.—We regret to learn by a gentleman from Saratoga, that there is no longer any reasonable hope of the recovery of our neighbor of the Commercial Advertiser.—Jour. of Com.

NEWPORT MERCURY.
Newport.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1844

August Elections.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The votes for error in 68 counties are as follows:
1844. 1842.

ham, (W.) 40,189 Morehead, (W.) 39,806
(D.) 36,586 Henry, (D.) 34,082

63 counties to be heard from.

Legislature.—Senate 26 Whigs and 24 democrats. House 84 Whigs and 66 democrats. Last year Senate 30 Democrats and 20 Whigs. House 68 Democrats and 52 Whigs.

INDIANA.—The election in this State for members of the Legislature only, is N. Y. Commercial Advertiser thinks will be a tie in the Senate. Last at 26 Democrats and 24 Whigs. The case as far as heard from stands 53 Whigs and 35 Democrats. Same count last year 46 Whigs and 43 Democrats.

KENTUCKY.—The returns are very perfect, the election continuing three days. There can be no doubt of the election of Judge Owsley, the Whig candidate, and of a large majority of Whigs in both Houses of the Legislature.

ALABAMA.—The election in this State, for members of the Legislature and for a member of Congress in place of Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, appointed U. S. Senator.

The Legislature will be Democratic by a large majority. Wm. L. Yancy (Dem.) is elected to Congress by a majority of 368.

ILLINOIS.—The only returns we have from Illinois are from the Chicago district, in which John Wentworth, the present Democratic member, is re-elected by a large majority.

MISSOURI.—The only intelligence from Missouri is from St. Louis city and county, which gives a Whig majority of 800, which is 150 better than for Harrison in 1840. Mr. Parsons, one of the "Hard" candidates for Congress, died on the 30th. Mr. Jameson was nominated in his place, but the event happening so near the election, it was supposed that the "Soft," or anti-Benton candidate might succeed. The Whigs do not contest the Congressional election.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The Boston Post of Thursday, contains the official account of the proceedings of the Democratic Convention held at Worcester on Wednesday last. About 600 delegates were in attendance.—On the first ballot for candidate for Governor, George Bancroft, of Boston, received a large majority of the votes, and was afterwards unanimously nominated as the candidate of the Democratic party for Governor of Massachusetts, at the ensuing election.

Hebry W. Childs, of Berkshire, was then nominated for Lieutenant Governor, and the Convention after appointing the usual committees adjourned.

The Hon. HENRY A. MUEHLBERG of Pennsylvania, died on Saturday evening last, of apoplexy. He was a gentleman long prominent in political affairs, and at the time of his death, was the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

NEW HOTEL.—We understand that another House for Summer Visitors, larger than the Ocean House, is to be built immediately on the lot south of the old Stone Mill, which has recently been purchased of the heirs of the late Col. George Gibbs.—The dimensions it is said will be 160 feet front on East Touro street, and 160 feet front on Pelham street.

CONCERT.—Signorina Borghese, Prima Donna of the Italian Opera in New York, assisted by Signor Peruzzi, Primo Tenore of the same company, intends giving another vocal and instrumental concert on Monday evening next, in the Saloon of the Ocean House.—Those who attended her Concert on Thursday evening, never had a greater musical treat, and the enthusiastic reception which she met with from a numerous and fashionable audience, assures us that the room will be crowded on Monday evening to the extent of its capacity.

THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by his lady, left Old Point Comfort for Washington on Saturday morning last, in the steam-cutter Legare, Capt. Howard, and in the evening landed at the Potomac Pavillion, Piney Point, where he intended to remain until this morning, and then proceed in the cutter for this city. He may therefore be expected here to-night.

MR. SLADE, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, has furnished the Fall River Mechanic with the following statistics of Fall River:

The Census of the Town of Fall River on the first day of May, 1844, was as follows:

Table with 3 columns: School District No., Population, and Value.

Number in that portion of the Village which lies in Massachusetts, 7993

In the remainder of the Town, 1071

Total population of the Town, 9064

Gain since last year, 945

Number of Polls in the Town, 2363

Persons enrolled in the Militia, 1464

Scholars between the ages of 4 and 16 as follows:

Table with 3 columns: School District No., Population, and Value.

Making the No. in the Village Districts, 2032

In Districts out of the Village, 340

Whole No. of Scholars in the town, 2372

Births in the town for one year preceding May 1st, 1844, 319

Valuation of the Town:

Real Estate, \$2,842,070

Personal Estate, 1,833,440

Total Valuation, \$4,675,510

Ratio of Tax, \$4.40 cts. on a thousand dollars.

LOUISIANA.—The Red River Republican of the 27th gives the official returns for members of Congress in the 4th Congressional District. The votes for Morse, are 3501, (Dem.) for Bordelon, 3273, majority for Morse 228.

FORTUNATE ESCAPE.—Captain John Pettit, of the schooner William A. Turner, who took General Semtman and his men from New Orleans to Tabasco, on his late ill-fated expedition, and who was made prisoner, together with the crew of his vessel, succeeded in effecting his escape on the 3d of July, and came passenger in the brig St. Lawrence, which arrived from that port yesterday afternoon.—N. Y. Jour. Com.

MISSOURI.—The St. Louis papers bring intelligence of the death of D. C. M. Parsons, one of the Benton nominees for Congress, at his residence in Ashley, Mo., on the 30th ult. As the election was to take place on the 5th inst., there would not be time to bring forward another candidate, and make the fact known throughout the State. The anti-Benton democratic ticket is full, and it is said will be voted for by the Whigs, or many of them. There is no Whig congressional ticket in nomination.

The Missouri papers also announce the death of the Hon. Daniel Dunklin, formerly Governor of the State, at his residence in Jefferson county.—ib.

THE CREVASSE.—The steamer which left the city on Friday with the pile driving machine to assist in stopping the Crevasse at Bonnet Carre Point, returned on Saturday morning, and reports the Crevasse still enlarging both in depth and width. At the time the boat left, the Crevasse was about eighty feet in width, and six feet on the Batture, and nine feet on the road immediately in front of Madame Arnoux's house. The current was very strong in the direction of the woods back, and the water would doubtless extend down as low as Madame Louis Labranche's plantation (nine miles below) and make its way to Lake Pouchartain eight miles back from the river, through Bayou Labranche. Above, the water had extended as far as the sugar house of Mr. Thibodaux.

The hands sent from this city in the steamer to assist in stopping the crevasse returned on Saturday, as under present circumstances it was deemed hopeless.

Two of the persons accustomed to use the pile driver remained to render their assistance whenever it could be found practicable to do so with any prospect of success.—N. O. Bee, 5th inst.

LATER FROM TRINIDAD DE CUBA.—The brig Grecian, Capt. Benedict, arrived here on Saturday from Trinidad de Cuba, which place she left on the 21st ultimo. We regret extremely to find that till just before she sailed, with but very slight exceptions, the drought had continued in all the planting districts, of which Trinidad is the centre and shipping mart.—Many of the planters have lost nearly all their cattle, and the appearance of the coming crop was forlorn indeed. At the time that Capt. Benedict left, there were no freights whatsoever to be had, and vessels were leaving daily in ballast, after waiting in vain for cargoes. The Grecian returns but partly laden. Prices of produce of all kinds, for lack of operations, are extremely dull.

Capt. Lyle, of the brig Washington, lately lost on the Grand Caymans, returned by the Grecian.—Philad. Gazette.

CUSTOM HOUSE REMOVALS AT NEW YORK.—The Herald gives a list of about 50 officers of the New York Custom House who have been removed, and of their successors. Of these officers 30 are day inspectors, with salaries of \$1095 each; two measurers and two gaugers, with salaries of \$1500 each; and 17 night inspectors, with salaries of \$547 1/2 each.

MYSTERIOUS.—The Pittsburg Chronicle notices quite a strange event occurring in Allegheny city. A young woman, about twenty five years of age, of genteel manners, dress and appearance neat, but in very delicate health, called at the dwelling of Mrs. Jane Bennett, and requested Mrs. B. to take charge of her infant, a fine boy, about three months old and also very neatly dressed. She left the child with the intention of going over the river to transact some business, and then immediately return, but has not been seen or heard of since. It is feared that she has committed suicide, or that some accident has befallen her. The lady at whose house she left the child, represents the woman as much depressed in spirits at the time she called upon her, and it is not unreasonable, therefore, to suppose that she has committed suicide. The lady still retains the child, and will adopt it as one of her own, if the mother cannot be found. Altogether it is a mysterious and melancholy occurrence.

SILVER.—The demand for silver is caused by a sudden rise in England, for what reason is not exactly understood.

It is said that Rothschild & Co. have caused the advance by great purchases, which it is conjectured are for the Emperor of Russia, in exchange for his gold from the mines of Siberia.

Silver is, however, more merchandise every where now; gold, being cheaper, is the specie basis of currency. We trust our Government will not any more attempt to adjust such unmanageable family differences.

The present relative position of the two metals is just what it ought to be. It brings Spanish quarters into rank again. N. Y. Jour. of Com.

FOREIGN PAPERS.—We mentioned the other day an incident that came under our own observation—a visit we received from an Italian mendicant, who with his family of fourteen had been brought from Genoa, gratis, in a Sardinian vessel. We have since learned that two vessels from the same port, Genoa, have recently brought to New York more than a hundred passengers, many of whom were mendicants at home and have taken up the business here. N. Y. Express.

ESCAPE OF HOAG.—The escape of Hoag, a convicted criminal of the most hardened and notorious character, has occasioned the expression of an almost universal indignation. His cell door, it seems, was found locked and every thing inside (but the prisoner) exactly as usual. In his place was found a note stating that he was innoced, and as he had been rather badly treated while in prison, he would bid them all farewell! The key of his cell, it is said, was found under the head of his unconscious keeper, who was disturbed from a sound sleep with the news that his charge had escaped. The laws, stringent as they are, have hard work to get hold of a successful villain. A round sum of money seems to endow its possessor with the gift of making himself invisible at pleasure. N. Y. Tribune.

LIBERAL DONATION.—The Hon. Daniel Webster President of the Boston Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, has transmitted to the Boston Mercantile Library Association, the sum of \$5000, out of the funds of the Society, to be expended in purchasing books for the Association.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER COMPANY.—A company of capitalists in Boston, Washington and St. Louis, have selected 150 square miles of land in fifteen different locations in the copper region, on the south shore of Lake Superior, and are now actively engaged in mining operations. Their head quarters are now at Eagle harbor, on Point Keweenaw, where they have about twenty experienced miners from Cornwall, England, employed. Hon. David Henshaw, of Boston, one of the trustees of the company and Dr. C. T. Jackson, are on the ground for the purpose of examining minutely the different veins and making an accurate analysis of it.

COMMODORE JONES, U. S. N., in a recent speech at a great meeting of the natives of the Sandwich Islands, complimented them on the system of education established among them, and stated the remarkable fact, highly creditable both to them and the American Missionaries under whose auspices so much good has been accomplished: "At Monterey de California there are several English and Americans intermarried with descendants of the old Spaniards, and they have children growing up around them. On my inquiry as to their schools and means of education, judge of my surprise when the answer was—'Oh, we have to send them to the Sandwich Islands to be educated; there they have good schools, here we have none!'"

THE PUBLIC TREASURY.—From an official publication made by the Treasury Department, in pursuance of the salutary provision contained in a clause of 1 of the acts passed at last Congress, requiring the periodical publication of the moneys in the several banks and the mints holding deposits of public money, it appears that the amount of money in the Treasury subject to draft (after paying all outstanding drafts and not including money in hand not reported in the Treasury) on the 29th ultimo, was eight millions three hundred and twenty eight thousand dollars. This amount would be increased, by including unreported moneys in hand, to at least TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

CAPTAIN KIDD'S SHIP.—It is generally known that sundry individuals are or have recently been engaged in submarine operations upon a sunken vessel in the Hudson, near West Point, which they suppose to be the ship of the pirate Kidd, and to be rich with the freebooter's ill-gotten treasure. A writer in the National Intelligence ridicules the enterprise, asserts that Kidd never went up the Hudson, and concludes with identifying the sunken ship as follows:—

As to the wreck of the vessel found at the entrance to the highlands, persons may be living at this day who saw it burn sixty-seven years ago, and who could now point out the spot where it sunk. It is probably the remains of one of the two American frigates destroyed on the night of the 6th of October, 1777, when Fort Montgomery was taken by the British under the command of Gen. Sir. Henry Clinton.

An account of the loss of these vessels, written on the 9th of October, 1777, says: We were under the disagreeable necessity of destroying Fort Mifflin, after removing part of the stores, and of burning the frigates Congress and Monmouth, to prevent their falling into the enemy's hands, the wind and tide being unfavorable to their moving farther up the river.

Fort Montgomery is not more than three miles above the mouth of the river; the wind and tide unfavorable to their moving up the river might carry one of them before she sunk to the foot of the Dunderberg—to the very location selected by the alleged "traditions from different sources" for the sinking of Capt. Kidd's ship, with her cargo of gold and silver, with much jewelry, one hundred and fifty five years ago.

U. S. Loans.—The debt of the United States falls due as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Date, Amount.

Of the amount which falls due January 1, 1845, \$2,443,030 is six per cent. stock, \$2,213,792 five and a half per cent. stock. The 7,000,000 which falls due July 1, 1853, is five per cent. stock, and \$3,301,468 which falls due in 1862 is six per cent. stock. The Treasury has a surplus at the present time sufficient to pay off the loan which falls due first.

By His Excellency JAMES FENNER, Governor, Captain General and Commander in Chief of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State aforesaid, made and passed at the session thereof begun and holden at Providence on the first Monday of January in the present year, entitled "An act establishing the Digest of Laws as reported by the Committee appointed to revise the laws of this State, and amended by the General Assembly," it is among other things enacted; That within one month after said Laws shall have been printed and distributed as therein provided, the Governor shall sue his Proclamation, announcing that the Laws contained in said Digest shall be in full force and effect immediately after the expiration of thirty days from the date of said Proclamation:

And whereas, the said Laws have been printed at Providence by Knowles & Vose, Printers to the State, in an octavo volume under the title of "Public Laws of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations are revised by a Committee, and finally enacted by the General Assembly at the session in January 1844," and duly distributed: I do therefore, issue this Proclamation to make known, that the Laws contained in the said Digest will be in full force and effect immediately after the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof; of which all persons concerned are to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand and the seal of said State this sixteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord [L. S.] one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and of Independence the sixty-ninth.

J. FENNER.

By the Governor: HENRY BOWEN, Secretary.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Aug. 12th. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 520 Beef Cattle, 2200 Sheep and 270 Swine.

PRICES.—Beef Cattle.—The prices obtained last week were fully sustained. Extra \$5; first quality 4 75; second quality 4 50; third quality 3 50 a 4 50.

Sheep.—Lambs from 1 25 to \$2; old Sheep from 1 75 to 2 50.

Swine.—Lots to peddle 3 18c, two-thirds Barrows. At retail from 4 12 to 6c.

From the Boston Courier, Monday August 12th WOOL.—The business of the week has been at former reported prices.

PRICES OF WOOL.—Prime Saxony Fleeces washed 50 a 55 cents per pound; American full blood do, 43 a 47; do 3/4 do 40 a 42; do 1/2 do 37 a 40; do 1/4 do 34 a 36; do 1/8 do 31 a 34; No 1 do 30 a 32; No 2 do 28 a 30; No 3 do 26 a 28.

NOTICE.

Rev. HENRY GILES, of Ireland, will preach in the Unitarian Church, Mill St., on Sunday (to-morrow) morning.

NOTICE.

The steamboat Iolas will resume her regular trips THIS DAY, leaving Providence at 8 a. m. and 5 p. m., and Newport at 2 p. m.

A Good Medicine.—We never learn a good thing without feeling a disposition to acquaint our readers with the fact that they may be benefited equally with ourselves thereby.—The other day we felt somewhat bilious—a disordered stomach, loss of appetite, and a head which we were on the point of knocking on the wall for its stupidity; in fact, a regular "swellhead"—and were induced to try some of Peters' Vegetable Pills as a remedy. We took four on going to bed, and awoke the next morning with a head as clear as the tone of a bell in a frosty morning, spirits as light as a feather, and a disposition as contented and happy as ever philosopher enjoyed. Their effect was almost magical, and we strongly recommend their use to all who may be similarly afflicted. Their operation is remarkably mild, no gripping attends their influence, which is as speedy as it is effectual. They will lose nothing in comparison with any article of the kind now in the market.—Boston Daily Bee.

For Sale at No. 142 Thames Street by CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent, Newport R. I.

DIED.

In this town, on Sunday morning last, Mr. Thomas Mumford, a respectable and worthy citizen in the 87th year of his age.

At New Sheeham, Archibald Milikin, Esq. for many years a Representative from that town in the General Assembly, aged about 80 years.

At New York on the 12th inst, Captain Edward Rosseter, in the 58th year of her age, formerly of this place.

Marine List.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, August 10.

Propeller Eudora, Brown, fm New York for Fall River.

Sch'r Judge Hithcock, Backlin, fm Dighton for Newbern, N. C.; Orator, Ash, fm New York for Providence.

Sloops Nancy Finley, Adams, fm Nantucket for Albany; Isaac H. Borden, Lewis, fm Fall River for New York.

Cleared.—Sch'r Triumph, Williams, Boston. SUNDAY, August 11.

U. S. brig Washington, Gedgey, on a coast survey.

Sch'r N. C. V. Farris, fm Norfolk via Providence.—with Corn; Eliza Mesrobian, Jones, fm York River; Franklin, Gurney, fm Sippican for Albany.

Sloop Helen, Pitman, fm New Bedford for Bristol.

MONDAY, August 12.

Sch'r St. Denys, Brame, fm Somerset.

Sloop Active, Goldston, from New York. Sailed—brig Prince de Joinville, Gardner, for Portsmouth, R. I., to load with produce for the West Indies.

TUESDAY, August 13.

Sch'r's Convey, and Sally, both of Yorkmouth, and sloop Louisa, of New Bedford, all lumber laden, arr last night, and sid up this day this morning.

Sloop Globe, with lumber.

Sch'r Sullivan, Smith, fm Bangor.

Sch'r's Convey, White, fm Gardner for Fall River; Perseverance, Melister, fm Providence for Frankfort; Victrola, Sprague, fm Bangor for Providence; Victory, Fintor, fm Richmond for Dighton; Hornet, Paddelord, fm Taunton for New York; Propeller Udon, Brown, fm Fall River for do.

Sloops Herald, Burdick, fm Nomanland for Providence; Excel, Deming, fm Bristol for New York; Hudson, Crapo, fm Providence for New Bedford.

WEDNESDAY, August 14.

Brig Cayuga, Jackson, fm Philadelphia for Fall River.

Sch'r New England, Pendleton, fm Bangor; Jane Sally Frances, Baker, fm Albany for Springfield; Cotus, Nickerson, fm do for Boston; Only Son, Wait, fm Providence for Kennebec; Caspian, Gorton, fm do for Deer Isle; Citizen, Munro, fm Lincolnville for Fall River.

THURSDAY, August 15.

Brigs Albert, Cozzens, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Chilian, Miller, fm Providence for Winsor, N. S.

Sch'r's Ocean, Bishop fm Bangor for Guilford, Conn.; Mariner, Adams, fm Nantucket for Baltimore; Franklin, Nickerson, fm Fall River for Kennebec; Telegraph, Chase, fm Fall River for Kennebec; Norway, G. Patrick, fm Providence for Bangor; John Murry, Deborah, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Piree, Thompson, fm Bangor for Norwich; Siam, Grant, fm Castine for New York; Time, fm Providence for Virginia; North Star, Shaw, fm Calais for Baltimore; Isabella, Patterson, fm Fall River for Belfast; Clie, Olden, fm Providence for Bangor; Amity, Castoff, fm Philadelphia for Somerset; Justice, Tever, fm Calais for Fall River.

FRIDAY, August 16.

Cleared.—Sch'r Pallas, Teague, Boston.

Marine Memoranda.

Ship Monticello, Lawton, arr at New York 9th, from Havre

Ship Eben Preble, Perkins, eld at New Orleans 30th ult, for Trieste.

Sch'r Hannah, Woodman, arr at New Orleans 4th inst, from Bordeaux

Sch'r Isabella, Clarke, eld at Savannah 7th, for Boston.

Brig Malaga, Moison, eld at Havana 22d ult for Matanzas.

Arr at Boston, 14th, brig Octavia, of this port, Smith, fm Cardenas, 27th.

Telegraphed at Boston 15th, brig Annawon, Swasey, from Sagua, Cuba.

WHALEERS.

Brig Pocahontas, Barker, hence May 16th, is reported spoken, no date, in lat. 32 40 lon. 75, cruising, no oil.

Weekly Almanac.

Table with 4 columns: Date, Sun rises, Sun Moon sets, High Water.

SECOND AND LAST Grand Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT.

Given by SIGNORINA EUPRASIA BORGHESE, Prima Donna Assoluta of the Italian Opera (company of New York, assisted by Signior Luigi Peruzzi, PRIMO TENORE ASSOLUTO. Maestro Etienne, Director of the Music.

GREAT SALOON OF THE Ocean House,

MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 19th.

Tickets one dollar each, to be obtained at the bar of the Ocean House. Concert to commence at half past eight o'clock, precisely. Aug. 17.

Poetry of Passion & of Life.

M. HENRY GILES will deliver six lectures on the following subjects, in ARMY HALL, Clarke street, commencing on MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 19th, at 8 o'clock.

- 1. The genius of Byron—or misanthropic aspect of Life.
- 2. The character of Falstaff, or the Epicurean aspect of Life.
- 3. The genius of Crabbe, or the tragedy of Common Life.
- 4. The genius of Robert Burns, or the struggles of a gifted soul with an embarrassed and disordered Life.
- 5. The genius of Ezechiel Elint, the corn law Rhymers, or the tragedy of Laborious Life.
- 6. The genius of Goldsmith or the good natured view of Life.

Two lectures to be given each week, the evenings of which will be duly announced at the desk and in the papers.—Tickets for the course \$1 each and may be had at the Book Stores or at the door. A single lecture 25 cts.

Court of Probate, Jamestown, Aug. 6th, 1844 George Knowles, Administrator on the estate of

SALLY KNOWLES, late of Jamestown single woman, dec. pro. sends his account on said estate for allowance and for an order of distribution of the balance of said account.

The same is received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Middle School House in Jamestown, the 1st Monday in September next, at 2 o'clock p. m., and notice thereof is ordered to be given by an advertisement 3 times in the Newport Mercury.

JOHN E. WATSON, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, Aug. 13th A. D. 1844.

WHERFAS James R. Bailey, Administrator on the estate of Francis Bailey, late of Little Compton, dec. represented to this Court that the personal estate of said Francis Bailey is insufficient to pay the funeral expenses, debts, and incidental charges, due from said estate, by the probable sum of fifty dollars, and requesting this Court to authorize and empower him, to make sale of so much of the real estate of said Francis Bailey, as shall be necessary to make up the deficiency of the Personal Estate, for the purposes aforesaid.

Resolved that the foregoing request be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on the 2d Monday in September next, at 1 o'clock p. m. and that previous notice thereof be given, in the Newport Mercury, three weeks successively, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy.—Witness, OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that he has been appointed Executor to the last will and testament of PHILIP CHASE, late of Little Compton, dec. and has accepted of said trust, and qualified himself according to law, he therefore requests all the debtors and creditors of said estate to make settlement with him without delay. THOS. W. CHASE, Executor. Little Compton, August 17.

NEW TIN and SHEET IRON WARE Establishment.

THE subscribers have taken the store No. 127 Thames Street, nearly opposite the store of Messrs Finch & Engs, and have entered into co-partnership under the name of Coggeshall & Bliss,

for the purpose of manufacturing every description of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.—They will sell on REASONABLE TERMS to suit the times.

They have on hand a lot of plain Japan and Britannia Ware. They also intend keeping on hand an assortment of Sheet and Cast Iron STOVES of the most approved patterns.

A share of public patronage is solicited with the assurance that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction to all who may favour them with orders in their line of business.

FREEBORN COGGESHALL. WILLIAM H. BLISS. Newport, Aug. 10, 1844.—if.

Bottled Soda Water,

With and without Syrups, just received and for sale by T. STACY, Jr.

POETRY.

From the Ladies' Magazine.
The Blessed.

LUKE—XI—26.

I saw young children playing,
And my heart was full of bliss,
For I knew not midst the scenes of earth,
A lovelier sight than this;
Like rose-hearts glow'd each flushed cheek,
And the warm blood lit the tell-tale brow,
Most eloquently true;
Then my thoughts grew bright with Joy-fulness,
And sweet words were on my tongue,
"How blessed are the innocent!
"How blessed are the young!"
But a voice, (like low flute music),
My wakened spirit heard;
"Yea; rather are they blessed,
Who keep God's holy word."

I looked on life more earnestly,
With all its checkered lot;
And saw how bitter weeds would spring,
Where flowers of love were not;
I learned to read the heart deeps,
Where mines of feeling glow,
To give a purer light to life,
Or fill it up with woe;
Then softly spake I to myself,
"Ah! childhood's mirth is vain;
But how blessed are the loving,
When their love is met again!"
Yet still that deep heart music,
Like a whisper round me stirred;
"Yea! rather are they blessed,
Who keep God's holy word."

A Chronological Account of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1765.

At the Annual Election on the first
Wednesday of May, the following persons
were elected officers.

Samuel Ward, Governor.
Elisha Brown, Deputy Governor.

Assistants.

Nicholas Easton, Nathaniel Searl,
Gideon Wanton, Joseph Harris,
Jabez Bowen, Caleb Arnold,
David Comstock, Thomas Hazard,
John Jepson, Othneal Gorton,
Henry Ward, Secretary.

Augustus Johnston, Attorney General.
Joseph Clarke, Treasurer.

At the June session, the town of Providence was divided, and the north part incorporated into a new town called North Providence.

Metcalfe Bowler and Henry Ward, who had been appointed at the Feb. session, Commissioners from the Colony to the Congress held in New York, received a vote of thanks for the faithful manner they had discharged their duties.

On the petition of a number of respectable persons a Charter was granted by the General Assembly for founding a Seminary of Learning, by the name of the trustees or Fellows of the College or University in the English Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

The British Parliament passed an act in the beginning of this year, for raising a revenue by a general stamp duty throughout the American Colonies; this act which was to take effect on the first of November, excited throughout the Colonies a most serious alarm. It was viewed as a violation of the British Constitution; as destructive of the first principles of liberty; and combinations against its execution were every where formed.

The General Assembly of Rhode Island at the October session passed some spirited resolves in support of their rights as English subjects.

The Assembly of Massachusetts having proposed a Congress of Deputies from each Colony to meet at New York, accordingly a Congress consisting of twenty

eight Delegates, from Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and South Carolina met at that place on the first Tuesday of October. On the 27th of August, the people of

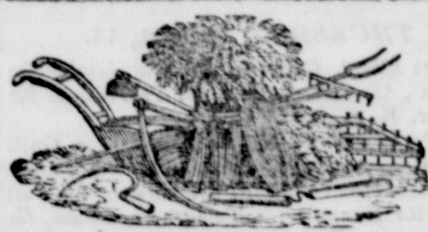
Newport, assembled to manifest their displeasure at the passage of the Stamp Act; they placing in a cart three effigies with halberds about their necks, intended to represent Augustus Johnston Esq., the Attorney General, Martin Howard jun. Esq., a lawyer and Dr. Thomas Moffatt a Scotch Physician, who had made themselves obnoxious by advocating the measures of the British Parliament; after parading them through the principal streets, they were taken to a gallows erected in front of the Court House and hung; and in the evening cut down and burnt amidst the acclamations of thousands.

On the day following a mob assembled and proceeded to the House of Mr. Howard, which they destroyed or plundered of every thing it contained; demolishing the windows doors &c., they then proceeded to the House of Dr. Moffatt, & destroyed his Furniture, Books, valuable collections in Natural History &c., they afterwards went to the House of Mr. Johnston, but after destroying a part of the furniture they were persuaded to desist.

Mr. Howard and Dr. Moffatt, took refuge on board a British Sloop of War that then lay in the harbor.

The sufferers by the mob afterwards laid their claims for damages before the General Assembly, Mr. Howard claiming £970 sterling, Dr. Moffatt £1310 and Mr. Johnston £323, 1/3. These claims were before the General Assembly for several years and altho' strongly urged by the British Government, nothing ever was allowed.

A Courageous Boy.—A few afternoons since, a little fellow by the name of Weeler fell asleep under his bench in the Assistant's room of one of the Primary Schools of this city, and not being noticed was locked in. He was only four or five years old—and when his mother found he did not come home, as evening set in, she was much distressed. Every place, but the right one, was ransacked. The painful conclusion was come to at midnight, that he had fallen into the water somewhere and was drowned. In the meantime the little fellow, (as he told the story to his playmates,) after several hours' sound sleep, awoke. It was a moonlight night, and he arose, went into the Principal's room, and pretty soon found he could not get out. He had a spell of crying, laid down in the entry and slept till morning. Before he took his second nap, however, he saw rats running about in the school room; and rumaging in the entry he picked up some things and threw at them. In the morning, when he awoke, his appetite no doubt keen, he made considerable noise, which at last attracted the attention of a passer-by, who opened the window and took him out. It was about seven o'clock when he marched into his mother's house, (she having despaired of ever seeing him again)—told his night's adventures, took his breakfast, and was in his seat again, at school, at eight o'clock. That boy will make his way in the world without being pushed.—Portland Advertiser.



Agricultural.

Strawberries.

When the season is favorable, August is the best time for planting strawberries; as plants that are set in this month will give a good crop next season, circumstances being favorable; and by this mode there is chance to take some off early crops, and in this way fruit may be raised to any extent, and a crop of some kind taken from the land every year. Some of the finest crops of strawberries that we have seen this season were produced from plants set last August. Yet many experienced cultivators set their plants in the spring. This is done as a precautionary step, for if they are set in August, and the season should be very dry the plants would fail. But as the weather is now very favorable for this business, the advantage should be improved.

The Early Virginia, and Wood are the best varieties for main crops, and they last from the first to the last of the strawberry season. Among the glaze varieties, Hovey's of which we gave a cut and an account, a few weeks ago, seems to be the most valuable being extremely large, a good bearer, and of fine flavor.

Boston Cultivator.

MILDEW ON GOOSEBERRIES.—The great difficulty with which gooseberry growers in this country are obliged to contend, is the mildew. The Farmer's Gazette states that the mildew is prevented by sprinkling fine salt around the bushes, or where it can be had, by placing sea weed around them.

Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery,

OF PATENT

Colored Photographs,

At the Malbone House, Thames street, Newport; 75 Court street, Boston; 251 Broadway, N. York; 136 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.—constituting the oldest and most extensive establishment of the kind in the world, and containing upwards of 1000 PICTURES. Admittance Free.

A METHOD has been discovered, and known only at this place, of painting the exact complexion and every variety of color in the dress.—Thus in addition to the unerring fidelity of the likeness, you have all the rich effects and high finish of the most exquisite painting.

These portraits having been awarded the first premiums and highest honors by the American and Franklin institutes respectively at their last exhibitions, are thus officially sustained in the positions of superiority heretofore universally assigned them by the public as the most beautiful Daguerreotypes ever produced.

Persons sitting for their Miniatures at this establishment are guaranteed a perfect likeness, colored exactly to nature, or no charge. Likenesses taken every day without regard to weather.

Plumbe's premium Apparatus & Rights, Plates Cases, &c. at wholesale and retail.

Newport, December 9, 1843.

FAIRY-BANK COTTAGE

AT THE BEACH,
One of the pleasantest places on Rhode-Island.

THIS Establishment is now open for the reception of company. Persons visiting the Beach, who may choose to stop a few hours at the Cottage, can be accommodated with rooms, and supplied with Ice Creams, Water Ices, Lemonade, Soda Water, Ale, Beer, Cider, Fruit, Cake, Pastry, &c. &c., all of which will be furnished as cheap as the articles can be obtained anywhere and warranted of the first quality.

Picnicks and other Pleasure parties accommodated with rooms by the hour or day.

Ice Creams, Water Ices, and every other article usually made at Confectionary Establishments, made to order and of the very best materials.

Orders left at the Cottage or at the Store, corner of Frank and Thames streets, will be punctually attended to.

T. STACY, Jr.

Newport, July 6.

At the Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"
NO 92 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED

From Boston in addition to the former Stock of

Medicine Dye Stuffs and Perfumery,

Extract of Rose,
Do do Orange,
Do do Honey,
Do do Burgamot,
Do do Myrtle,
Do do Magnolia,
Do do Woodbine,

Milk of Roses, Balm of Columbia.

Macassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Anique Oil, for the hair,

French Lotion for chapped hands.

Cold Cream and Lip Salve,

German, French & American Cologne,

Sir James Murray's Fluid Magnesia,

Henry's Calcined Magnesia,

English, Winsor, and other soaps,

Eldes, Kidders, & Paysons Indelible Ink.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families, or Vessels, and a general assortment of Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.

Newport Oct. 15, 1842.

R. P. BERRY,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Office at Mr. S. Peckham's in Church street, second house from Thames street.

REFERENCES.

James V. Turner, M.D.; H. E. Turner, M.D.

David King, M.D.; H. N. Pierce; of Newport.

J. Holmes, M.D.; L. W. Briggs, M.D.; of Bristol.

Newport, April 27.—if.

Marble and Brown Stone.

MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he still continues to carry on the Manufactory of Marble and other Stone at the old stand No. 222, Thames-st., (North end,) where he will manufacture Monuments, Tomb and Head Stones of the first quality of Italian and American Marble and Slate, also hearths and free-stone work of all descriptions.

Also, Soap Stone for lining stoves and Grates all on the most reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the Country faithfully executed.

PHILIP STEVENS.

Newport, June 15, 1841.—lyr.

RHODE ISLAND COAL

Of the First Quality.

NOW for sale on Chase's Wharf, at prices heretofore unknown in these parts, those that want good and cheap Fuel, call upon

ISAIAH BURDICK, Agent.

Newport, Dec. 16.

Bottled Soda Water,

With and without Syrups, just received and for sale by T. STACY, Jr.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

CHARLES CASTOFF,

late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, and six months from this date, being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the house of Charles E. Hammett on the last Saturdays of October, November and December at 2 p m., for the purpose of deciding on such claims.

CHARLES E. HAMMETT, } Comm'rs.
PETER P. REMINGTON, }
WM. J. HOLT. }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r.

Newport, July 1, 1844.

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscribers hereby give notice that they have been duly appointed Administrators on the estate of

ANDREW WINSLOW,

late of Newport dec. and have taken upon themselves that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the said estate are requested to present the same for settlement; and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to.

ANDREW WINSLOW. } Adm'r
WANTON T. SHERMAN. }

Newport, June 8.

Administrators' Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, administrators on the estate of their father, Audley Clarke late of Newport, dec., hereby request all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to either of them, and those having demands to present them for settlement.

PELEG CLARKE, } Adm'rs.
WM. A. CLARKE, }
EDWARD CLARKE, }

Newport, April 4th, 1844. 11.

Executrix Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed Executrix to the last will and testament of

PRESERVED FISH,

late of Portsmouth, dec. and having giving bonds according to law, hereby requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them, and those indebted to make payment to

RUTH FISH, Executrix.

Portsmouth June 10, 1844.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the Creditors of the estate of

PELEG WEAVER,

late of Newport, dec. represented insolvent, and six months from this date being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their claims before said Commissioners, we will attend at the house of Peter P. Remington, on the last Saturdays in September, October, and November next at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of deciding on such claims as may be presented against said estate.

JAMES LAWTON, } Commis'rs.
DANIEL C. DUNHAM, }
HENRY TAGGART, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON,

Administrator with the Will annexed.

Newport, May 11, 1844.

Sea Baths on the Long Wharf

Nature's Grand Restorer.

EVERY DAY and EVENING from 6 o'clock a m. to 9 p. m. (Sundays excepted.) Warm, Shower, and Swimming Baths. These baths impart agreeable sensations to the mind, keep the skin clear and clean, the body healthy and vigorous; removing the dead particles of the cuticula, causing the blood to circulate freely, lighting up a fresh and healthy glow in the most sallow countenance.—Those who participate in these luxuries improve their disposition and memory.

E. TREVETT.

June 15.

House and Land For Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell her estate in Portsmouth, R.I. viz:—A new and convenient dwelling House and out buildings, and two acres of land beautifully situated about six miles from Newport on the road leading to the Glen, within a few rods of Mrs. Durfee's Tea-House. The House is one story high with six rooms on the floor and well finished throughout, the land and fixtures are in excellent order. Any person wishing to purchase will examine for themselves. The terms will be made easy.

SARAH C. GRINNELL.

Portsmouth June 8.

BIRDS, BIRDS, BIRDS.

JUST received and for sale, Bird Cages of various patterns and prices; bird seed of every kind and of the best quality; bird glasses and bird books for the management and treatment of birds—all of which will be sold cheap at the variety store of

May 18.

T. STACY, JR.

April 13-16.

ELMIRA SHERMAN.

July 1.

June 1.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to

insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—

William Rhodes, Solomon Townsend,
Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop,
Robert R. Stafford, George S. Rathbone,
Amos D. Smith, Caleb Harris and
Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchings,
Jabez Bullock,
Ebenezer Kelley,

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.

ALEN O. PECK, Sec'y.

American Insurance Co's
Office, July 14, 1842.

Savings' Bank.

A DIVIDEND was declared This Day, of two per cent. on all sums that have been in for space of 6 months, and one per cent. on all sums that have been in for the space of 3 months, agreeably to the regulations of the Institution, payable on and after Saturday, the 20th inst.

C. GYLES, Treas'r.

Newport, July 20, 1844.

NEWPORT

DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOOLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,
Cassimeres, Crapes,
Merinos, Sattins,
Circassians, Pongees,
Bombazines, Hosiery
Gloves &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns, merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dress, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woolen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann M. Eddy, next north of the Perry Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley, Portsmouth.

February 19, 1842.

ADVICE GRATIS.

Important news to the Sick and Afflicted.

Mrs. Winchester,

Doctress, may be consulted at her residence,

Patients who are incapable from infirmity of attending personally upon the Doctress, can by sending a correct statement of their case, be told whether they are curable or not, such as consumptive complaints, coughs, inflammation, weakness in the digest, kidney complaints, piles, shortness of breath, asthma, rheumatism, chronic and inflammatory nervous complaints, scrofula humors, salt rheum, erysipelas, phlegmatic complaints, bleeding at the lungs, loss of appetite, humors in the blood, ulcers, bilious disorders, fever and age, yellow fever, female complaints, worms of different kinds, fever sores, deafness, and other similar diseases

CERTIFICATES.

Thomaston, April 20, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester, after having been given over by two Physicians with the yellow fever and fever and ague, and much swollen, and in five weeks I was restored to good health by taking her medicine.

JOHN LEAVEY.

Plymouth, Sept 28th, 1842.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester, after having been given over by my physician; he told me I was in a consumption and there was no help for me; but after taking her medicine three weeks I was restored to good health.

SAMUEL A. SNOW.

Fall River, February 20, 1843.

I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with weakness and a bad humor in the blood, and female complaints; I had been to several physicians and could get no help after taking her medicine four weeks I was restored to good health.

PHEBE BLACK.

Plymouth, Oct 15, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with a bad humor in the blood and the diarrhoea; I had several physicians, they told me there was no help for me; after taking her medicine two weeks I was restored to my health.

CHARLES SANDERS.

Fall River, March 13, 1844

This is to certify that I had three fever sores on my leg that had been standing 4 years, and a bad humor in my blood. I came under Mrs. Winchester's care and in four weeks my leg was well.

WILLIAM H. MASON.

Fall River, Feb. 16, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with a bad humor and weakness in the blood, and had been unable to work for one year; after taking her medicine six weeks I can say I am in good health.

ELMIRA SHERMAN.

April 13-16.

July 1.

June 1.

ICE CREAM, &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and those visiting here, that his

SALOON,

OVER HIS CONFECTIONARY STORE,

Corner of Frank and Thames streets,

Is open day and evening, for the reception of Company.

Those who feel disposed to call will always find it well supplied with Ice Cream, Water Ices, Fruit, Cakes, Pastry, Lemonade, Soda Water and every other article usually kept at such establishments. All of which are warranted of the best kind, or no sale.

Ice Cream, Water Ices, Jellies, &c. &c